# Security Awareness

For General User



# Topic for today

- Intro to Cyber threats
- You Are A Target
- Social Engineering
- System Security
- Basic Identification
- E-mail & Social login
- Enable 2fa
- 10 วิธีการ shopping online อย่างปลอดภัย





# Cyber crime statistics

Average monetary cost to victim of cyber crime :

\$128



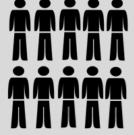
Email scams sent daily:

75 MILLION



Daily victims of scam emails :

2,000



Percent

of American who have experienced cyber crime:

**73%** 



Percentage

of Americans who believe that cyber-criminals

will not be brought to justice :

**78%** 



文

Percentage of Americans

who expect to escape cyber crime in their lifetime:

2%

### **COMMON CYBER THREATS**

Cyber threats are in the headlines and possibly in your network. Here are some common forms of cyber threats to protect against





MALWARI malicious software

installed on a machine unknowingly and performs criminal actions for a third party

# = DA

email messages sent from a fraudulent account masquerading as a legitimate and trusted source as an attempt to gain access to a user's system or confidential information



stand alone software which does not require a host program in order to propagate and replicate itself onto other networks and drives damaging data and software as it spreads

# a "secret key" that provides entry to devices and connections to be controlled by an attacker for criminal purposes

a type of malware that when executed spreads from computer to computer by replicating its programming and infecting user programs and files to change the way they operate or to stop working altogether

### TROJANS

computer program containing destructive code disguised as harmless programming

#### DENIAL OF SERVICE (DDOS)

floods bandwidth making online systems unavailable

### **ADWARE**

can redirect search requests or automatically render advertisements producing revenue for its creator

### **SPYWARE**

criminal malware on the hard drive used to covertly monitor user activities

### **PHARMING**

a DNS server software vulnerability is exposed or a host file is swapped and a legitimate website is maliciously redirected to a scam site where unknowing visitors enter their confidential information



a DNS server software vulnerability is exposed or a host file is swapped and a legitimate website is maliciously redirected to a scam site where unknowing visitors enter their confidential information



Survey of 400 U.S. workers by Spanning Cloud Apps reveals a risk of enterprise data loss due to gap between cybersecurity risk awareness and daily behaviors.

#### **EMPLOYEES DEMONSTRATE RISKY BEHAVIORS**

admitted to clicking on links they didn't recognize

49% have downloaded a web extension to their work device

.....

#### WORKERS WOULD RATHER BE "NICE" THAN SAFE

1 in 5 share passwords over text or email



45%

would share their computer with colleagues



DATA LOSS IS A REAL PROBLEM

7 in 10 respondents have accidentally

deleted files



25%

have lost data in G Suite or Microsoft Office 365

# You are a Target !!

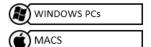
# You are a target!!

- เรามีอะไร
- ทำไมต้องมา hack เรา
- เราไม่ได้มีเงินใน ธนาคารเยอะจะมา hack ไปทำอะไร
- เราไม่มีข้อมูลอะไร

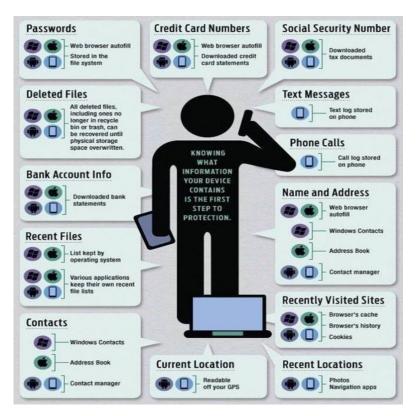


## What do your devices know about you?

Whether it's a computer on your desk or a phone in your pocket, your devices retain a lot of personal data. And all of that information may be vulnerable to cybercriminals.







# Social Engineering

# Social Engineering



# Social Engineering

### **SOCIAL ENGINEERING TACTICS**

YOUR DATA IS AT RISK EVERYDAY THROUGH SOCIAL ENGINEERING ATTACKS.



HACKING A HUMAN IS **MUCH EASIER** THAN HACKING A BUSINESS.

laziness **ATTACKERS** ignorance haste **PREY ON YOUR HUMAN** greed **WEAKNESS** desire trust Likelihood your business will The average cost of a experience a data breach single data breach in the next 2 years in 2015

# Social Engineering ในสถานการณ์ต่างๆ

```
ARC-Authentication-Results: i=1; mx.google.com;
      spf=softfail (google.com: domain of transitioning somchaii@g.swu.ac.th does not designate 195.128.120.25 as permitted sender) smtp.mailfrom=somchaii@g.swu.ac.th
Return-Path: <somchaii@g.swu.ac.th>
Received: from mail05.parking.ru (mail05.parking.ru. [195.128.120.25])
        by mx.google.com with ESMTP id b14si9851064ljk.220.2019.04.29.21.04.09
       for <mahuttha@g.swu.ac.th>;
       Mon, 29 Apr 2019 21:04:09 -0700 (PDT)
Received-SPF: softfail (google.com: domain of transitioning somchaii@g.swu.ac.th does not designate 195.128.120.25 as permitted sender) client-ip=195.128.120.25;
Authentication-Results: mx.google.com;
      spf=softfail (google.com: domain of transitioning somchaii@g.swu.ac.th does not designate 195.128.120.25 as permitted sender) smtp.mailfrom=somchaii@g.swu.ac.th
Received: from web38.corp.parking.ru [195.128.121.111] by mail05.parking.ru with SMTP;
   Tue, 30 Apr 2019 07:04:02 +0300
Thread-Topic: ?????
thread-index: AdT/Cb6hmpXuIDyySxepXYCvRRn0aQ==
From: President of Srinakharinwirot University <somchaii@g.swu.ac.th>
To: <mahuttha@g.swu.ac.th>
Cc:
Bcc:
Subject: ?????
Date: Tue, 30 Apr 2019 07:04:01 +0300
Message-ID: <6EB809025F77439C8844318BD21614DC@corp.parking.ru>
MTME-Version: 1 0
```

# Social Engineering ในสถานการณ์ต่างๆ

Download file document music from website with malicious virus attach it.

Contain some link from friend E-mail.



# **Phishing Scam**

#### เรียนลูกค้า

รหัสผ่าน KTB netbank ของคุณมีการเปลี่ยนแปลงตามที่คุณร้องขอ อย่างไรก็ตาม หากคุณไม่ได้ขอเปลี่ยนรหัสผ่านโปรดไปที่ <u>https://www.ktbnetbank.com</u> เพื่อ ยืนยันตัวตนของคุณและรีเซ็ตรหัสผ่านทันที

เปลี่ยนได้เมื่อ: 28 มีนาคม 2019 เวลา 23:55 น

อุปกรณ์: หน้าต่าง 8

ที่อยู่ IP: 301.442.89.297

สถานที่โดยประมาณ: นิวเดลีอินเดีย

เราขออภัยในความไม่สะดวกที่อาจเกิดขึ้น

ขอบคุณ.

ทีมรักษาความปลอดภัย KTB Netbank

© 2019 Krungthai Bank PCL

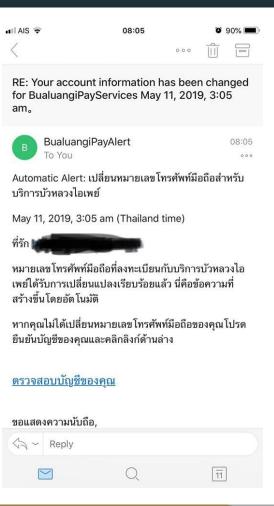
https://apostrophe.icu/pass-invalid/jslktbnet/index.php

การเปลี่ยนแ Click or tap to follow link.

ปรดไปที่ <u>https://www.ktbnetbank.com</u> เพื่อ

ผ่านทันที

# **Phishing Scam**



# Phishing Scam

#### Apple: Verify Your Information.

5 มิถุนายน 2556, 5:43

#### Dear apple User,

This is an automatic message by the system to let you know that you have to confirm your account information within 48 hours. Your account has been frozen temporarily in order to protect it.

The account will continue to be frozen until it is approved And Validate Your Account Information.

Once you have updated your account records, your information will be confirmed and your account will start to work as normal once again.

#### Verify Your Information.

Wondering why you got this email?

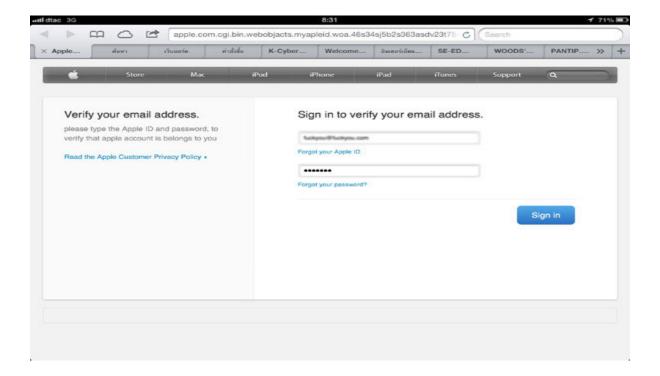
It's sent when someone adds or changes a contact email address for an Apple ID account. If you didn't do this, don't worry. Your email address cannot be used as a contact address for an Apple ID without your verification.

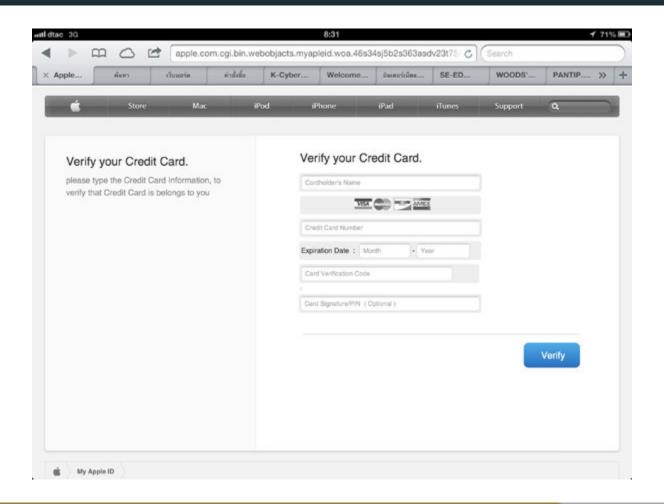
If you need further assistance, please contact us.

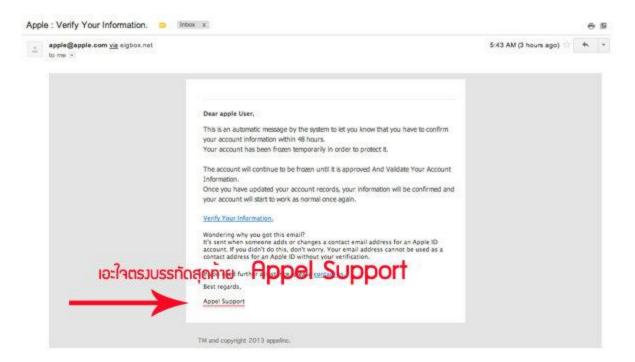
Best regards.

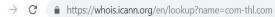
Appel Support

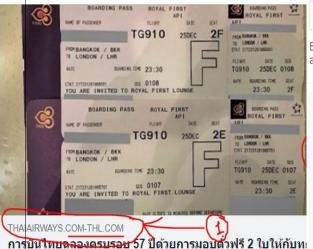
TM and copyright 2013 appelInc.











การบินไทยฉลองครบรอบ 59 ปีด้วยการ

com-thl.com

Lookup

By submitting any personal data, I agree that the personal data will be processed i abide by the website <u>Terms of Service</u>.

#### Raw WHOIS Record

Domain Name: com-thl.com

Registry Domain ID: 2391103753\_DOMAIN\_COM-VRSN Registrar WHOIS Server: whois.namesilo.com Registrar URL: https://www.namesilo.com/

Updated Date: 2019-05-16T07:00:00Z Creation Date: 2019-05-15T07:00:00Z

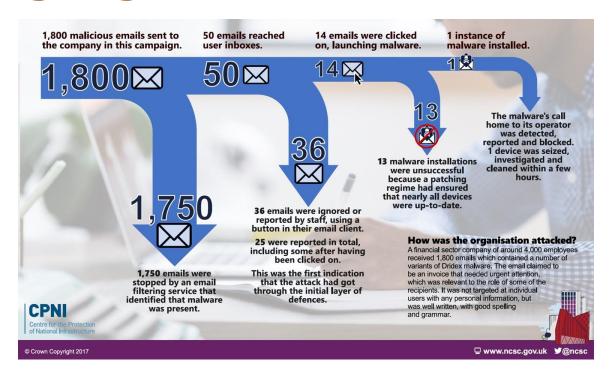
Registrar Registration Expiration Date: 2020-05-15T07:00:00Z

Registrar: NameSilo, LLC Registrar IANA ID: 1479

Registrar Abuse Contact Email: abuse@namesilo.com Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1.4805240066 Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited

# Multi-layered Phishing mitigations

The following real-world example shows how implementing layers of defences can help organisations (in this case a financial sector company of around 4,000 staff) defend themselves against phishing attacks. Reliance on any single layer would have missed some of the attacks, and cleaning infecting devices is costly and prohibitively time consuming.



# **Baiting Scenarios**

Attack well known หลอกหล่อเหยื่อให้ติดเบ็ด

- เช่น บน website ที่ให้ download พวก porn site , crack



# How To Prevent Social Engineering Attacks?

- DO NOT open emails in the spam folder or emails whose recipients you do not know
- DO NOT open attachments in the emails from unknown origin
- Use a reputable antivirus software
- Backup your data to disk offline or cloud
- Training security awareness
- Test social engineering attack in organization

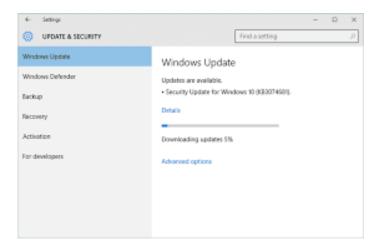


# **System Security**

# System Security

- Update antivirus and malware
- Update patch windows





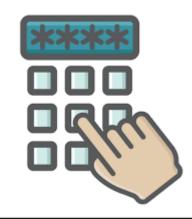
# **Password**

### **Basic Identification**

### Something you know...

- Passwords, PINs, Secret or key
- Complex password





VectorStock\*

Fector Stock.com/35554802

# **Password** security

Attackers use a variety of techniques to discover passwords, including using powerful tools freely available on the internet. The following device makes password security easier for your users improving your system security as a result

...and how to improve your system security

### How passwords are cracked...

#### Interception

intercepted as they are transmitted over a network.





#### **Brute Force**

Automated guessing of



IT infrastructure can be searched for electronically stored password information.

Searching



### Stealing

can be stolen - this includes



Personal information, such as name and date of birth can be used to guess common passwords.

Social

passwords.

Engineering

Attackers use social

engineering techniques to

trick people into revealing



Observing someone typing their password.



Average number of

websites users access

using the same password

Average number of

UK citizen's online

### **Key Logging**

An installed keylogger intercepts passwords as they are typed.





- . Use technical solutions to reduce the burden on users.
- Only ask users to change their passwords on indication of suspicion of compromise.
- · Allow users to reset password easily, quickly and cheaply.

#### Help users generate appropriate passwords

- · Put technical defences in place so that simpler passwords can be used.
- · Steer users away from predictable passwords
- between work and home.
- that are easy to guess.
- · Be aware of the limitations of password strength meters.

### \*\*\*\* UPDATE

Change all default vendor supplied passwords before devices or software

Use account lockout, throttling help prevent brute force attacks



are deployed

Blacklist the most

Monitor failed login

Prioritise administrator

attempts... train



Passwords can be



billions of passwords until the correct one is found



### **Passwords**

Insecurely stored passwords handwritten passwords hidden close to a device.



#### **Shoulder Surfing**



## Basic Identification (cont.)

### Something you have

Physical devices: magnetic cards, smart cards, tokens, bluetooth,
 password generators, cellphones...







## Basic Identification (cont.)

### Something you are...

- Biometrics (fingerprints, iris recognition, voice, handwriting)

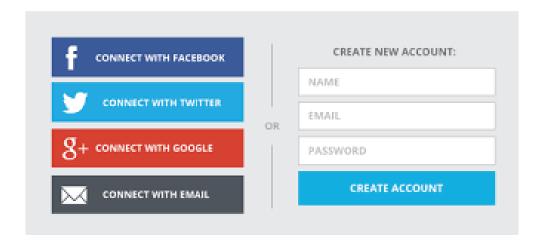






# E-mail & Social login

# E-mail & Social Login





DATA PROTECTION INSIGHTS

The Latest Facebook Password Leak: Hundreds of Millions of User Passwords Exposed to Company Employees

#### **Apps and Websites**

Logged in With Facebook

ctive 6	Expired Removed					Search Apps and Websites		
Data Access	: Active							
hese are apps nem. Learn Mo		ou've used Fa	acebook to lo	g into and have recer	ntly used. The	ey can request info	you chose to s	share with
lse this list to	:							
	pdate the info the apps and webs							
Active Apps a	nd Websites						F	
	nopee ew and edit		W	Wongnai View and edit		Melx	ingView and edit	

Preferences

# Cyber Security Small Business Guide

This advice has been produced to help small business protect themselves from the most common cyber attacks. The 5 topics covered are easy to understand and cost little to implement. Read our quick tips below

#### Backing up your data

Take regular backups of your important data, and test they can be restored. This will reduce the inconvenience of any data loss from theft, fire, other physical damage, or ransomware.





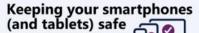
Identify what needs to be backed up. Normally this will comprise documents, photos, emails, contacts, and calendars, kept in a few common folders. Make backing up part of your everyday business.



Ensure the device containing your backup is not permanently connected to the device holding the original copy, neither physically nor over a local



Consider backing up to the cloud. This means your data is stored in a separate location (away from your offices/devices), and you'll also be able to access it quickly, from anywhere.



Smartphones and tablets (which are used outside the safety of the office and home) need even more protection than 'desktop' equipment.



Switch on PIN/password protection/fingerprint recognition for mobile devices. Configure devices so that when lost or stolen they



can be tracked, remotely wiped or remotely locked. Keep your devices (and all installed apps) up to date, using the 'automatically update' option if available.



When sending sensitive data, don't connect to public Wi-Fi hotspots - use 3G or 4G connections (including tethering and wireless dongles) or use VPNs.



Replace devices that are no longer supported by manufacturers with up-to-date alternatives.

### Preventing malware damage

You can protect your organisation from the damage caused by 'malware' (malicious software, including viruses) by adopting some simple and low-cost techniques.



Use antivirus software on all computers and laptops. Only install approved software on tablets and smartphones, and prevent users from downloading third party apps from unknown sources.



Patch all software and firmware by promptly applying the latest software updates provided by manufacturers and vendors. Use the 'automatically update' option where available.



Control access to removable media such as SD cards and USB sticks. Consider disabling ports, or limiting access to sanctioned media. Encourage staff to transfer files via email or cloud storage instead.



Switch on your firewall (included with most operating systems) to create a buffer zone between your network and the Internet.

### Avoiding phishing attacks

In phishing attacks, scammers send fake emails asking for sensitive information (such as bank details), or containing links to bad websites.



Ensure staff don't browse the web or check emails from an account with Administrator privileges. This will reduce the impact of successful phishing attacks.



Scan for malware and change passwords as soon as possible if you suspect a successful attack has occurred. Don't punish staff if they get caught out (it discourages people from reporting in the future).



Check for obvious signs of phishing, like poor spelling and grammar, or low quality versions of recognisable logos. Does the sender's email address look legitimate, or is it trying to mimic someone you know?



correctly - are a free, easy and effective way to prevent unauthorised people from accessing your devices and data.



Make sure all laptops, MACs and PCs use encryption products that require a password to boot. Switch on password/ PIN protection or fingerprint recognition for mobile devices.



Use two factor authentication (2FA) for important websites like banking and email, if you're given the option.



Avoid using predictable passwords (such as family and pet names). Avoid the most common passwords that criminals can guess (like passw0rd).



If you forget your password (or you think somebody else knows it), tell your IT department as soon as you can.



Change the manufacturers' default passwords that devices are issued with, before they are distributed to staff.



Provide secure storage so staff can write down passwords and keep them safe (but not with the device). Ensure staff can reset their own passwords, easily. ....

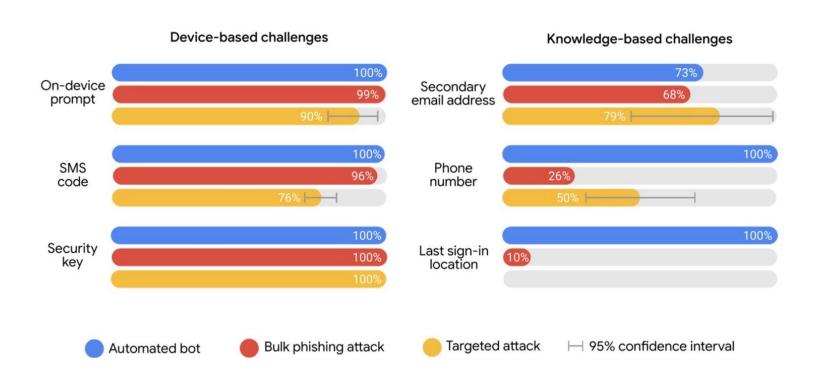


Consider using a password manager. If you do use one, make sure that the 'master' password (that provides access to all your other passwords) is a strong one.



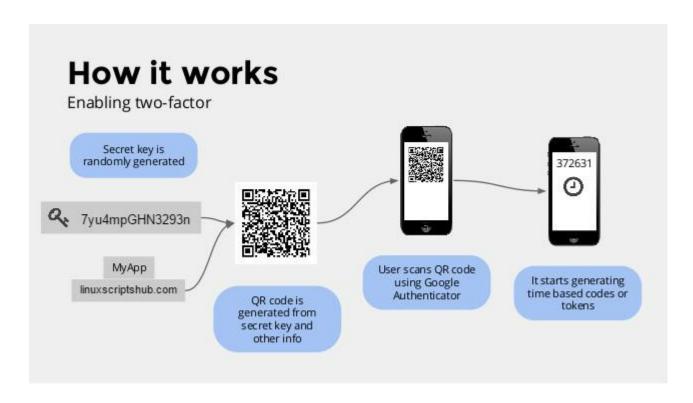


### Google's own data proves two-factor is the best defense against most account hacks



https://techcrunch.com/2019/05/20/google-data-two-factor-security/

### Enable 2FA (2 Factor Authentication)

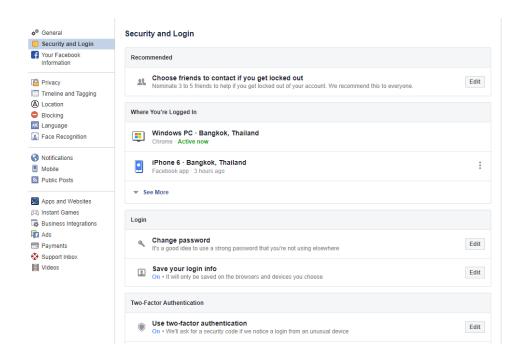


### Enable 2FA (2 Factor Authentication)

Download google authentication application for (android, IOS)

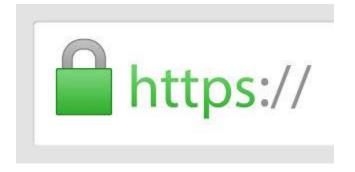


### Facebook -> setting -> security & login



## 10 วิธีในการ shopping online อย่างปลอดภัย

เลือก website ที่เป็น https



# 10 วิธีในการ shopping online อย่างปลอดภัย

ทำธุรกรรมผ่าน internet ส่วนตัว เช่น ที่บ้าน หรือเครื่องตัวเอง ไม่ควรใช้เครื่องสาธารณะ





# 10 วิธีในการ shopping online อย่างปลอดภัย

ใช้บัตรเครดิต หรือ E-wallet ไม่ควรใช้ เดบิต



ไม่บันทึกข้อมูลบัตรเครดิตบน browser



ซื้อจากร้านที่มีชื่อเสียงน่าเชื่อถือ โดยอาจดูจาก review หรือ rating



ไม่ควร click link ใน E-mail หรือ link แปลกๆ



ตั้ง password ในการ access เข้ามือถือ



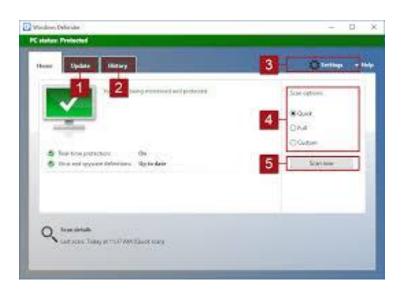
#### Update ระบบ application browser หรือซอฟต์แวร์บ่อยๆ





### ติดตั้ง antivirus





อย่าหลงเชื่อข้อเสนอที่เกินจริง



## FAQ service in SWU

Just so you know

## FAQ Service in University

#### **I-Pass**

- ทำไม I-Pass ต้องนับเวลา 2 ชั่วโมง
- ทำไม I-Pass ใช้ได้แค่ 2 เครื่องพร้อมกัน
- I-Pass สามารถดูได้ว่า Account เราไปใช้อยู่ที่ ไหนบ้าง
- ถ้า Log-in เกิน 2 เครื่องจะทำอย่างไร
- ฉันไม่ได้ใช้งานเลยแต่ทำไมมีคนใช้ Account ฉันอยู่ (ตอบ รีบเปลี่ยนรหัสสิจ๊ะ)

สอนใช้งาน I-Pass

